

Working Together to Achieve Healthier Lifestyles in Yukon and Northwest Territories Communities

Workshop Report

Whitehorse, Yukon November 13, 14 2013 (First Meeting)

Table of Contents

1.	Introduction	3
2.	Overview of Presentations	4
3.	Community Mapping	5
4.	Project Pillars	6
5.	Evaluation	9
6.	Planning Next Steps	10
7.	Conclusions	12
Δn	pendices	
-	Agenda	.13
В) І	Project Logic Model and Work-plan	.16
C) (Community Inventory Results	.24
D)	Pillars Small Group Work Results	27
E) I	Evaluation Framework	32
F) I	ndicators of Success Results	34
G)	Stakeholder Classification Results	36
H)	Partnership Diagram4	40
I) V	Vorkshop Evaluation Results	42
J) F	Presentation Slides	.45
K) I	Participant Contact List	82

Introduction

On November 13th and 14th 2013, the Arctic Institute of Community-Based Research hosted a preliminary workshop on the *Working Together To Achieve Healthier Lifestyles in Yukon and Northwest Territories Communities* project. Funded by the Public Health Agency of Canada through its Innovation Strategy *Taking Action to Reduce Health Inequalities in Canada*, this project spans four-years and will continue to build on *Phase 1: Working Together to Achieve Healthier Weights in Yukon Communities* (2011).

24 people representing organizations for youth, active living, healthy eating, literacy, and wellness from both Yukon and Northwest Territories attended the workshop. In total, there were over 606 accumulated years of experience, which came together! For two days, participants shared their work and contributed to developing the foundation for the four-year project. This preliminary meeting was the first of many which will occur over the course of the project. The agenda for the workshop is in Appendix A.

Working with existing partners from Phase 1 as well as new ones, Phase 2 offers an exciting opportunity to build on and develop healthy living initiatives across the Yukon, as well as join forces with the Northwest Territories. This initiative targets children and youth, families, rural and remote, urban, First Nation and non-First Nation communities across the two territories. It focuses on the strengthening of partnerships and collaborations in order to identify, plan, implement, and evaluate short and long-term initiatives that focus on healthy lifestyles and healthy weights for Northern families and communities. The project logic model and overall work-plan are found in Appendix B.





Overview of Presentations

A large portion of the workshop was devoted to time for project partners to share the work their organizations are doing with respect to healthy living. These "Getting to Know Each Other" sessions were an important opportunity to learn from each other and draw connections between organizations as well as inform the project. Sessions included *Active Living and Healthy Eating, Active Living and Healthy Eating-Community Perspectives,* and *Literacy*. Presentation slides are in Appendix J.



Community Inventory/Mapping

Building on work initiated at the RPAY Healthy Living Retreat, we are looking to build a map, which identifies and inventories healthy eating and active living programs and services in Yukon and Northwest Territories' communities. The purpose of the inventory is to share information on infrastructure and programs and services related to healthy living in Yukon and Northwest Territories; to coordinate resources, build networks and share information between communities and programs; facilitate planning or networking; and to celebrate successes.

Working in small groups, participants were asked to brainstorm ideas on useful questions to be included for completing the inventory, identifying potential end-users of the data, and brainstorming ideas on how best to represent the data from the inventory. The results from this session are found in Appendix C. In general, it was noted that questions related to funding (costs, sources) and resources, partners, evaluation data and approaches, past programs, and other logistical details were deemed important. The inventory/map was thought to be useful for funders, NGOs and other territorial organizations and associations, community organizers and recreation directors, schools, First Nations, governments and the general public. It was noted that the map would help to support rural-to-rural connections within and between the two territories. An online format supporting the data was thought to be the most useful approach. Workshop participants said that it needed to be visual and interactive using multimedia and minimal text (i.e. map with icons, photos, sound bytes, video clips). It was thought the inventory could be represented by community or regionally. Participants noted that a hardcopy format would also be important (i.e. newsletter, booklet, brochure, etc.). The inventory could be advertised through Facebook, and local publications and newspapers when it was ready to be public. Other considerations for the inventory were to start small and perhaps ask communities to contribute and profile themselves; and to include local information regarding the collection of traditional foods, greenhouse and gardening programs, and motorized and non-motorized trails.

Project Pillars

Workshop participants were introduced to the foundational pillars of the Achieving Healthy Lifestyles project. These include Active Living, Healthy Eating, and Literacy. As identified in the project Logic Model (Appendix B) and Evaluation Framework (Appendix E), these pillars support seven strategies, which include partnership development, bi-directional capacity building, and social marketing and communications. Working in two groups, participants were asked key questions specific to community capacity building, intersectoral collaboration (Partnership development), active living, healthy eating, literacy, and knowledge sharing (Communications). The complete results from this work are found in Appendix D. The following is a table summarizing the key results from each pillar and strategy.



Workshop participants working hard in In their groups.





Table 1: Summary of Workshop Results Related to Project Pillars and Strategies

Community Capacity Building	Successes	Challenges
What are the successes and challenges of building community capacity?	-Having time and working face-to-face to build relationships	-Turnover/not enough turnover and unwilling to change
	-See people as assets, innovative and passionate -Building local capacity and leadership where people are at	-Lack of training/capacity -Flexibility (timing, technology constraints) -Geography and cost of travel
	-Including cultural activities	
Intersectoral Collaboration	Characteristics	Barriers
What are the characteristics of effective and successful	-Flexible funding	-Funding flexibility
partnerships and what are potential barriers?	-Shared project goals -Using each other's strengths	-Lack of resources (funding, data, commitment)
	and building on what already exists, with clear outline of who is doing what	-Choosing the wrong goals and having the right people
		-Geographical challenges
Healthy Eating	Unmet Needs	Resources to Support
From your perspective, what are the unmet needs for healthy eating activities in YT/NWT and what are other	-Availability, affordability of healthy foods	-Programs and infrastructure (gardening, greenhouses, root cellars)
resources which could support healthy eating in YT/NWT?	-Food literacy (education and support, cooking skills)	-Food literacy workshops (RPAY)
	-School nutrition policies	-Traditional knowledge and
	-Low-income programming	traditional foods
	-Perceptions and attitudes	-Dieticians
Active Living	Unmet Needs	Resources to Support
From your perspective, what are the unmet needs for recreation activities in	-High turnover of recreation directors	-Cultural adaptations and on- the-land activities

YT/NWT and what are other resources which could support active living in YT/NWT?	-Equipment and facilities -Skills and capacity -Cultural barriers -No afterschool programming in all communities -Getting people active (perceptions and attitudes)	-School-based recreation coordinator, afterschool programming -Wellness trainer in the workplace -Programs and activities (i.e. Winter Active for Life, Arctic Sports, Dene Games) -Volunteers
Literacy	Unmet Needs	Resources to Support
From your perspective, what are the unmet needs for literacy activities in YT/NWT and what are other resources, which could support healthy lifestyles in YT/NWT?	-Literacy within the home -Tools to engage and excite people about literacy, marketing of existing resources -Disconnect with private sector -Training in food literacy -Traditional language resources	-Various literacy training -Embedded literacy in existing programming -Yukon Literacy Strategy
Knowledge Sharing		
What are knowledge-sharing platforms or tools, which we could use to stay, connected over the next four years?	-Face-to-face training and information exchange that is fun and interactive -Youth network group (youth service organizations) (mailing list with meetings bi-monthly) -Closed Facebook group -Project updates in colourful pamphlet/newsletter -Build on existing events	

Evaluation

Katelyn Friendship (AICBR) gave an overview of the Public Health Agency's evaluation reporting process and discussed the importance of evaluation and the need from project partners to rigorously contribute to the evaluation process. (See Appendix J for presentation). Evaluation summary forms will be provided to project partners to help with this process. In addition, AICBR will work with project partners to develop individual evaluation plans that are relevant from a community-based perspective. The overall evaluation framework is available in Appendix E.

Evaluation specialist Dr. Suzanne Jackson from the Dalla Lana School of Public Health (University of Toronto) also gave a presentation discussing the process of participatory evaluation and the various levels of evaluation for the Achieving Healthy Lifestyles project. These levels include:

- 1. Information so we can improve what we are doing (formative and process evaluation);
- 2. Information we have to report to PHAC every year (PERT);
- 3. Information we want to know about how well we are doing every year (process & impact);
- 4. Information about our whole project at the end of 4 years (summative evaluation). Participants were divided into small groups and asked to brainstorm indicators of success (process and results outcomes) for their work in healthy lifestyles. The results from this work are in Appendix F.

Planning Next Steps

The final section of the workshop was devoted to laying the foundation for the project.

Classifying Stakeholders

Working in small groups, participants brainstormed who the key people in the Yukon and Northwest Territories are who could be involved in this project. Organizations were classified as Core, Involved, Supportive or Peripheral.

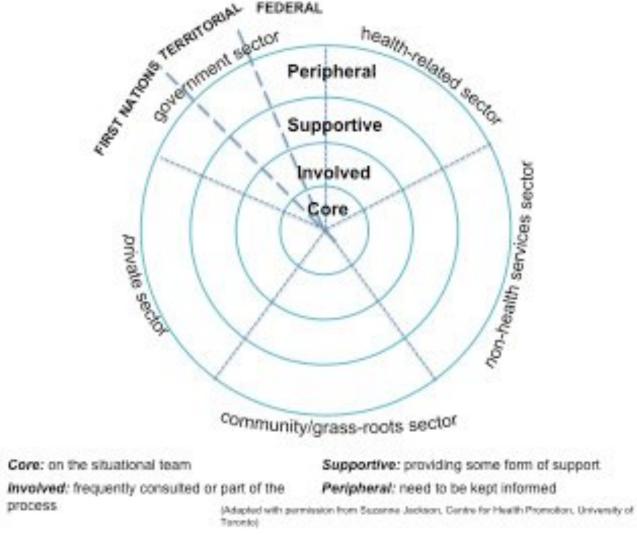


Figure 1. Identifying Stakeholders for Achieving Healthy Lifestyles in Yukon and Northwest Territories Communities.

The results from this work are found in Appendix G. This was a valuable opportunity to identify organizations who may not have been considered without the help of the workshop participants. From this work, the Core team was identified as being representatives from:

- o Arctic Institute of Community-Based Research
- o Recreation and Parks Association of the Yukon
- Northwest Territories Recreation Association
- Northern Nutrition Association
- o Boys & Girls Club Yukon
- Yukon Government-Sport and Recreation
- Yukon Government-Health Promotion
- Government of NWT-Department of Municipal and Community Affairs
- Government of NWT-Health and Social Services
- Key Community Partners (Selkirk First Nation, Tr'ondëk Hwëch'in)
- Dr. Suzanne Jackson (University of Toronto)

Core/Involved:

- Bringing Youth Towards Equality
- Yukon Literacy Council
- NWT Literacy Council

In addition to work on the Stakeholder Classification, at the very beginning of the workshop, participants were asked to complete a form listing the organizations they currently work with. A draft map illustrating the common partners is in Appendix H. We welcome and encourage feedback on this diagram.

Next Meeting

Participants also discussed the timing of a next meeting and noted if there are upcoming opportunities to tie into other meetings that are happening, to keep AICBR informed for planning purposes. The next workshop will be held in Yellowknife.

Website and Logo

There was some discussion on the development of a project-specific website and branding (logo). A separate website not tied to a specific organization was thought to be best, in order to illustrate the many organizations and partnerships involved in this project. There would need to be some planning on who would be responsible for managing the website and the costs involved. With respect to a project logo, there was agreement on having something to identify the project with. One idea was to commission two Yukon and Northwest Territories artists to

design a logo together. A logo contest was also discussed. It was decided that this could be discussed and decided at the next meeting once the Northwest Territories have further established who will be working on the project and have defined their activities.

Conclusions

All in all, the workshop was considered to be a successful and useful meeting. It was an opportunity to come together and share what each partner is doing, work on collaborations and identify new partnerships. Participants noted the value of coming face-to-face and taking the time to learn about what each other is doing (See also Workshop Evaluation Results Appendix I). This was an important foundational piece to start the project. The workshop was also an opportunity to accomplish more collectively than if one organization tried to do it themselves. AICBR looks forward to working with everyone over the next four years and building on what each other is doing.

APPENDIX A: Workshop Agenda

Working Together for Healthier Lifestyles in Yukon and Northwest Territories Planning Workshop

Room B, High Country Inn, Whitehorse YT November 13-14 2013

Participants Agenda

Wednesday November 13, 2013

8:30-9:00	Registration and Breakfast		
9:00	Opening Prayer		
9:15-9:30	Opening Remarks		
	~ Dr. Brendan Hanley, Chief Medical Officer of Health		
9:30-10:00	Introductions		
10:00-	Working Together to Achieve Healthier Lifestyles in Yukon and Northwest Territories		
10:15	Communities		
	~ Jody Butler Walker, ED Arctic Institute of Community-Based Research		
10:15-	Northwest Territories Overview		
10:25	~Elsie De Roose, GNWT Health & Social Services		
10:25-	Break		
10:40			
10:40-	Presentations –Getting to Know Each Other (15 minutes each)		
12:00	Active Living and Healthy Eating		
	 Recreation and Parks Association Yukon (Anne Morgan) 		
	NWT Recreation and Parks Association (Geoff Ray)		
	YG-Health Promotion (Kim Neufeld)		
	GNWT-Health & Social Services (Elsie De Roose)		
12:00-1:00	Lunch		
1:00-2:00	Presentations –Getting to Know Each Other (15 minutes each)		
	Active Living and Healthy Eating-Community Perspectives		
	Selkirk First Nation (Ashley Van Bibber)		
	Tr'ondëk Hwëch'in (Lynn Rear)		
	YG-Wellness (Paula Pasquali/Jan Langford)		
2:00-3:00	Community Mapping		
	Group Work and Discussion		

3:00-4:20	Presentations –Getting to Know Each Other (15 minutes each)	
	Active Living and Healthy Eating	
	Bringing Youth Towards Equality (Chris Rider)	
	YG-Youth Directorate (Gord Kurzynski)	
	YG-Sport & Rec (Marie Cairns)	
4:00-4:15	Evaluating Day One	
4:15-4:30	Closing Remarks for Day One	

Thursday November 14, 2013

8:30-9:00	Breakfast
9:00-9:20	Opening Remarks and Recap from Day 1
	~ Jody Butler Walker, ED Arctic Institute of Community-Based Research
9:20-10:20	Presentations –Getting to Know Each Other (15 minutes each)
	Literacy
	Sport Yukon (Jeanne Lassen)
	Yukon Literacy Coalition (Moira Sauer)
	Group Discussion
10:20-10:30	Break
10:30-12:00	Small Group Work-Pillars of the Project
	Community Capacity Building
	Inter-sectoral Collaboration
	Active Living
	Healthy Eating
	Knowledge Sharing
12:00-1:00	Lunch
1:00-2:30	Evaluation
	~Suzanne Jackson, University of Toronto
	Evaluations Tools and Techniques
	~Katelyn Friendship, AICBR
	PHAC Evaluation and Reporting Requirements (PERT)
	Group Work and Discussion

2:30-2:45	Break	
2:45-4:15 Planning Next Steps (Group Work)		
	Developing Project Governance Structure	
	Timeline	
	• Deliverables	
	Opportunistic Meetings	
	Website	
	• Logo	
4:15:4:30	Evaluating Day Two	
4:30	Closing Prayer	

APPENDIX B: Project Logic Model and Workplan

LOGIC MODEL

Overall Objectives

- 1. Northerners in the Yukon and Northwest Territory communities follow a healthy lifestyle.
- 2. Organizations, government departments and businesses in Yukon and NWT work in partnership together to foster healthy lifestyles in communities.

Overall Objectives	Timing	Outcome Indicators of Success
1. Northerners in the Yukon and Northwest Territories communities follow a healthy lifestyle	Immediate Outcomes 1-3 yrs	 a) Community members are more knowledgeable about healthy eating and active living. b) Community members are more likely to engage in healthy lifestyle-related activities. c) There is an increase in the number of community-based activities that support healthy lifestyles.
	Intermediate Outcomes 3-5 yrs	d) Within communities, there are active living and healthy eating initiatives that are developed and implemented with meaningful community engagement. e) Community members have increased their active living activities over the 4 years of the project. f) Community members have increased their consumption of fruit and vegetables over the 4 years of the project. g) Community members report culturally appropriate healthy eating behaviours after the 4-year project.
	Long term Outcomes 5+ yrs	h) Community capacity is sustained to support ongoing healthy lifestyle activities. i) Communities know how to engage with multiple sectors to facilitate local healthy eating and active living programs. j) Rates of healthy weights in children, youth and adults in participating communities have increased over the 4 years of the project.

		k) Prevalence of healthy weights in Aboriginal and Inuvialuit people compared to Territorial average over 4 years of the project have increased.
2. Organizations, government departments and businesses in Yukon and NWT work in partnership together to foster healthy lifestyles	Immediate Outcomes 1-3 yrs	a) Government and non-government organizations working with programs related to healthy lifestyles know about each other's programs.
in communities	Intermediate Outcomes 3-5 yrs	b) Collaboration between sectors is enhanced and facilitates supportive environments.
	Long term Outcomes 5+ yrs	c) Partnership funding sustains community-based initiatives developed by this project. d) Number and type of organization involved in this project focused on increasing healthy eating and active living, sharing data, and communicating regularly towards having a "Collective Impact."

GUIDING PRINCIPLES

Key Guiding Principles Directing Our Work

- 1. Health Equity
- 2. Strength and Asset-Based
- 3. Intersectoral Collaboration
- 4. Community Driven (focus on participatory decision-making processes)
- 5. Culturally-Based (recognition of Aboriginal and Inuvialuit and non-Aboriginal values and cultures)

Key Principle	Outcome Indicators of Success
Health Equity	A cross-section of the NWT and YT including those most isolated are reached by the project.
Strength and Asset-Based	Community assets and individual strengths are noted and used when programs are designed and
	implemented.
Intersectoral Collaboration	Partners share commitment to common vision and measure – The project meets the conditions for

	"Collective Impact".
Community-Driven	Aboriginal and Inuvialuit governments and community leaders are involved in project initiatives.
Culturally-Based	Programs and services implemented through the project can demonstrate that they have gained
	knowledge about local culture and circumstances and designed their programs appropriately.

PILLARS

Pillars of Project

- A. Foster healthy eating
- B. Foster active living
- C. Foster health literacy

Project Pillar	Outcome Indicators of Success
A. Foster Healthy Eating in Yukon and NWT Communities	a) Community members are more knowledgeable about healthy eating. b) Increase in the number of community-based activities that support healthy eating in participating communities, developed through meaningful community engagement. c) Community members have increased their consumption of fruits and vegetables over the 4 years of the project. d) Community members report culturally appropriate healthy eating behaviours after the 4 year project.
B. Foster Active Living in Yukon and NWT Communities	 a) Community members are more knowledgeable about active living. b) Increase in the number of community-based activities that support active living in participating communities, developed through meaningful community engagement c) Participating community members demonstrate behaviours to engage in active living over all seasons. d) Community members have increased their active living activities over the 4 years of the project.
C. Foster Health and Physical Literacy in Yukon and NWT Communities	a) Participating community members demonstrate that they have the necessary physical and health literacy knowledge to engage successfully in healthy eating and active living.

WORKPLAN (2013-2017)

Strategies and Activities

Major strategies addressing all three pillars focus on:

- Creating supportive environments
- Increasing knowledge, behaviours and skills (via bi-directional capacity-building and social marketing and communication)
- Developing and strengthening partnerships
- Developing and strengthening leaders as part of community capacity building
- Changing systems

Strategy Objectives	Planned Activities	Indicators of Success	Partners	Desirable Outcomes	Timeline
1. Bi-Directional Capacity-	-Exchange of skills and	- Knowledge of partners	All	-Organizations	Years 1-4
Building	knowledge about	about the barriers and		and communities	
-To build the capacity of	growing food and	facilitators in communities		develop sustained	
partner organizations and	accessing and	for growing food, eating		partnerships and	
others to work with and	preparing traditional	traditional food, eating		collaborations to	
learn from communities	foods and healthy	healthy foods, and		support healthy	
and each other.	foods.	engaging in active living.		lifestyles in	
				NWT/YT.	
-To build the capacity of	- Exchange of skills and	- Knowledge and			
communities to eat well,	knowledge about being	demonstration of skills of		-There is an	
and engage in active	physically active in	community members		increase in the	
living.	communities in all	about growing food, and		number of	
	seasons.	accessing and preparing		community-based	
		local foods in all seasons.		activities that	
				support healthy	
		- Knowledge and		lifestyles.	
		demonstration of			
		behaviours of community			
		members regarding			
		physical activities in all			

		seasons.			
2. Creating Supportive Environments -To find ways to coordinate available resources that community members need to grow food, hunt and gather traditional foods, access healthy foods, and engage in physical activity. -To get a critical mass of community members engaged and supporting healthy eating and active living activities. -To improve our understanding of Yukon & NWT youth's preferences & patterns related to healthy eating and active living.	-Contribute to coordinating available resources to grow food, and to hunt, gather and preserve traditional foods in communities. -Contribute to coordinating available resources for physical activities suited to culture and community circumstances. - Summary of Northern youth preferences and patterns.	- Amount and type of resources available in each participating community for growing food, hunting, gathering and preserving traditional food, and for physical activities in each season. -Survey data on preferences and patterns for healthy eating and active living by youth.	All	-Collaboration between sectors is enhanced and supportive environments for healthy living are strengthened through access to necessary resources (equipment, materials, funding, etc). -Understanding of healthy living preferences and patterns in NWT/YT youth.	Years 1-4
3. Leadership	- Support and training	- Number of youth trained	All	-Participating	Years 1-4
-To strengthen a group of	of youth leaders.	as leaders in each participating community.		YT/NWT communities have	
youth and adult leaders	- Support and training	participating confinitionity.		active healthy	
-		- Number of adults trained		<u> </u>	
who can sustain healthy	for adult leaders (re:	- Number of adults trained		living leaders	

eating and active living activities in each participating community.	recreation activities and healthy eating (growing, cooking, preserving etc.)).	as leaders in each participating community. - Number of youth and adult leaders indicating their intention to sustain their leadership and train others beyond the life of the project.		working to encourage community-wide healthy living. -Leaders inspire others to become leaders for their communities as well.	
4. Partnership Development -To build a network of inter-organizational partnerships in the Yukon and NWT linked to healthy eating, active living and health literacy.	- Build and strengthen relationships and share knowledge between organizations active in healthy eating, gardening, sport, recreation, youth programs, physical literacy, health literacy etc. across Yukon and NWT.	 Number of organizations and types of connections to each other. Examples of synergies in activities on the ground in participating communities. 	All	-Partners share commitment to common vision and measures, meeting the conditions for "Collective Impact".	Years 1-4
5. Social Marketing and Communications -To communicate key healthy eating and active living messages across both TerritoriesTo generate ongoing interest in this project	- Build on existing and develop culturally appropriate and userfriendly materials for use by communities in both Territories. - Create a website, Facebook page, Twitter	 Number of hits on website. Number of materials requested. Number of materials and number distributed that met identified gaps. 	All	-Healthy living messages are shared across NWT/YT communities through multiple avenues and target audiences become engaged	Years 1-4

through multiple ways.	account to communicate information, strategies and exchange community activity ideas.	- Number of people participating in Facebook page/Twitter on ongoing basis, asking questions, sharing knowledge etc.		in healthy living discussions.	
6. Facilitating Systems Change -To identify systemic barriers and ways to improve equity in access to programs and services to people in both Territories.	- To do an inventory of healthy eating and active living programs and services in Yukon and NWT To work with partner organizations and others to advocate for systems change.	 What and who is included and not included in existing and proposed programs & services. Existence of new policies and program collaborations. Evidence of "Collective Impact". 	All	-Understanding of current healthy lifestyle programs and services in NWT/YT as well as understanding of program gaps and access barriers. -Partners share commitment to equity for territory-wide access to healthy living and demonstrate "collective impact".	Years 1-4
7. Monitoring and	- To develop ongoing	- Data from partners and	All	-Program is	Years 1-4
Evaluation	data collection	participating communities		actively	
-To monitor all activities in	procedures for PERT.	reported regularly for		monitored and	
the project and evaluate		PERT.		evaluated using	
results.	- To develop evaluation			multiple methods	

plan for whole project	-Results of data collection	and tools.
and project parts.	(process outcomes) used	
	to inform project	-Common themes
-To monitor process	activities.	from community-
outcomes on an		based evaluation
ongoing basis against	- Evaluation results shared	outcomes shared
original objectives.	with each other, on	and published.
	website and published.	

APPENDIX C: Community Inventory Results

Purpose:

To share information on infrastructure, programs and services related to healthy living in Yukon and Northwest Territories. To coordinate resources, build networks and share information between communities and programs, facilitate planning or networking, and to celebrate successes.

Are there other questions that need to be included to have the inventory be as useful as possible?

- -Do you have any information on past (relevant) programs in the community?

 -Who runs the program?

 -How long has the program been running?

 -Who are the funders?

 -Are there other funding options you are aware of?

 -What is the cost for the services? (Cost to the public)

 -What is the cost to run the program?

 -What resources are required?

 -Who are the partners that support delivery at the community level, territorial, and national levels?

 -Does the program have the ability to operate in other areas?

 -Are there any rural-to-rural connections?

 -Is the program seasonal/ year round?
- -What age group does the program target?

-What information are you collecting from the program?

-Have any evaluations been completed for this program?

-Are there any other logistical details we should know? (i.e. training needed, # of people required, etc.)

Who are the potential end users of the information we collect (ie. target audiences)?

-End users (general public)
-Funders
-NGO's and other territorial organizations
-New and current Community Recreation Directors (to provide continuity)
-People running programs (community organizers)
-Youth groups
-Schools
-First Nations
-First Nations governments
-Territorial governments
-Trail users/Recreationists
-Community Associations for Municipalities
-To support rural-to-rural connections, NWT-YT connections
-Health sector
-Tourism Industry (trails)
-YG-Economic Development; YG-Environment
-Renewable Resource Councils

What are the various ways the inventory can be represented?

-Add categories (e.g. Gardens, youth, environment, culture, etc.)

-Website

-Online map with icons
-Online database
-Visual map with photos, sound bytes, video (focused on graphics and multimedia, minimal text)
-Regional mapping
-By community
-By target audience
-Brochures
-Booklets
-Newsletters to target users
-Publications such as: newspapers, What's Up Yukon, North of Ordinary
-Facebook (to promote)
Other considerations about the active living and healthy eating inventories?
-Be representative to under-represented groups
-An inventory on healthy eating programs, greenhouses and community gardens could be used to create a "Northern Growing Guide" and to promote opportunities for seed sharing between communities
-Start small-ask communities to profile themselves
-Include local information regarding gathering berries, fishing, hunting, and motorized vs non-motorized trails

APPENDIX D: Pillars Small Group Work Results

Community Capacity Building

What are the successes and challenges of building community capacity?

Successes:

- -Face-to-face to build relationships
- -Taking time
- -Not to plan in advance
- -Building leadership where people are at
- -See people as assets
- -People are innovative and passionate in communities (have to be to overcome challenges)
- -Role as "fertilizer"
- -Many cultures
- -Cultural activities
- -Building local capacity so travel is not an issue
- -Creation of 4G network

Challenges:

- -Turnover
- -Not enough turnover and unwilling to change
- -Having to change plans
- -Geography-cost of travel, weather
- -To get people out (participation)
- -Cultural activities (seasonal timing: e.g. moose hunt)
- -Technology doesn't always work (i.e. telehealth
- -State of change re: 4G networks
- -Lack of knowledge re: healthy lifestyles (e.g. too much screen time)
- -Core training for people in Health & Social is missing-big gap
- -Need practice in how to learn
- -Get certificate from high school but without the necessary skills

Intersectoral Collaboration

What are the characteristics of effective and successful partnerships and what are potential barriers?

Characteristics

- -Flexible funding
- -Shared project goals
- -Knowing who is doing what
- -Using each other's strengths
- -Build on what already exists. No need to redesign something that is already working
- -Listen to your target constituency did you ask if this was a good thing for them?

Barriers

- -Funding flexibility
- -Choosing the wrong goals. You have to walk before you can run!
- -Lack of data
- -Lack of resources/commitment
- -No money
- -Finding the right people to talk to-do they even exist?
- -Geographical challenges

Healthy Eating

From your perspective, what are the unmet needs for healthy eating activities in YT/NWT and what are other resources, which could support healthy eating in YT/NWT?

Unmet Needs

- -Availability of healthy foods
- -Affordability of healthy foods
- -Lack of cooking skills
- -Lack of traditional food
- -Low-income programming
- -Climate change-where did the caribou go?
- -Lack of food literacy
- -Need school nutrition policies
- -Perceptions and attitudes
- -More support for parents needed

-Education for elders and middle-aged people who missed it growing up (i.e. residential school survivors)

Resources to Support

- -Gardening programs
- -High-tech greenhouses for year-round growing
- -Root cellars
- -RPAY Food Literacy workshops
- -Northern gardening information-when can I plant that vegetable?
- -Traditional knowledge
- -More dieticians
- -Native plants and animals (i.e. moose, caribou, cranberries, etc.)

Active Living

From your perspective, what are the unmet needs for recreation activities in YT/NWT and what are other resources, which could support active living in YT/NWT?

Unmet Needs

- -Recreation Director vacancies or half-time (or high turnover)
- -Equipment
- -Recreation systems are different between Yukon and NWT (YT: First Nations independently decide, NWT-Each community decides how to spend budget)
- -Volunteer Recreation Directors lack of necessary skills
- -Recreation Director training programs missing to bring people into the system
- -Hire people from the South who do not understand northern culture and need cultural training
- -Crappy fields
- -Accessibility of facilities
- -Knowledge of how to deliver programs without facilities
- -Not knowing safety procedures (i.e. for activities)
- -Getting people out who are not already active
- -No afterschool programming in all communities

Resources to Support

- -Personal wellness trainer in workplace and with youth (Mayo and Dawson)
- -Better participation with cultural adaptations

- -GNWT hired school-based recreation coordinator (Fort Providence)
- -Way to measure/standards (like ParticipAction)
- -Dene games
- -Arctic Sports
- -Winter Active For Life (WAFL): Winter sport equipment loans, training, and clinics
- -Archery (Aboriginal Sport Circle)
- -On-the-land activities
- -WOTT, On the Right Path, Walk to Tuk
- -Afterschool programs
- -Volunteer parent involvement in afterschool time (Teslin)

Literacy

From your perspective, what are the unmet needs for literacy activities in YT/NWT and what are other resources, which could support healthy lifestyles in YT/NWT?

Unmet Needs

- -Education and training for food literacy
- -Marketing of existing resources
- -People want to learn traditional languages but the resources are often not there
- -Tools to engage and excite people about literacy (food literacy, gardening, etc)
- -Disconnect with private sector
- -Literacy within the home (parents teaching children)
- -Potential for in-home play centres for early childhood learning

Resources to Support

- -Different types of literacy training (e.g. physical, digital, etc.)
- -Existing programming that could have literacy embedded in it
- -Yukon Literacy Strategy

Knowledge Sharing

What are knowledge-sharing platforms or tools, which we could use to stay, connected over the next four years?

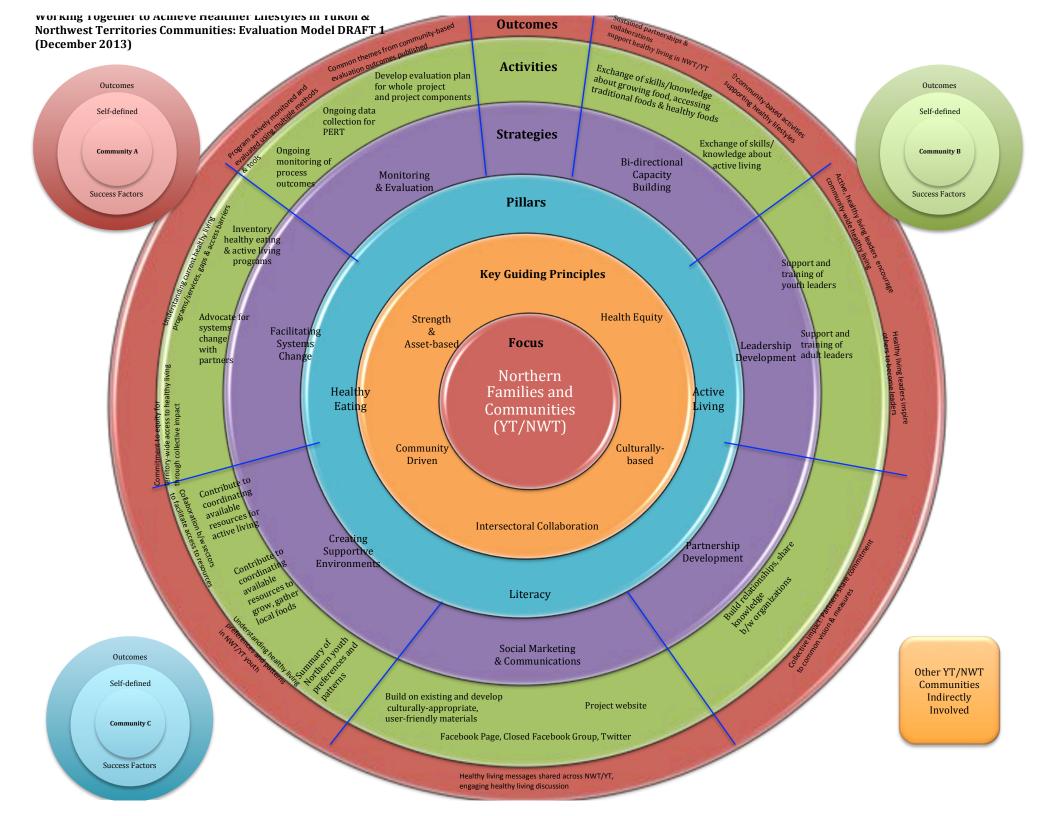
- -Face-to-face training (show and tell)
- -Should be fun
- -Youth network group (youth service organizations) mailing list with meeting bi-monthly

- -Meetings like this to share information with people from all over-leads to partnerships
- -Build on existing events
- -Closed group Facebook page (can pose questions and link in things)
- -Project update in colourful pamphlet or newsletter

How do community members get information?

- -Have some kinds of structure for reporting
- -Report back in a framework that is fun, interactive (i.e. stories)

APPENDIX E: Evaluation Model



APPENDIX F: Indicators of Success Results

What would signal to you that your work is successful?

Process Indicators:

- Avoid re-inventing the wheel (use of existing programs and resources)
- Pre/post program data
- Repeat invites from communities-they want you back!
- Barriers removed to access programs: cost, transportation, physical access, culturally safe/relevant
- # of gardens in use
- Healthy food moved to front of store
- Ads/videos on preparing healthy foods (show stoppers)
- Access to physical activity and to healthy snacks/foods in the workplace
- Challenge teams (e.g. walk, run)

Process and Result Indicators:

- Community feedback/ Target audience feedback
- Signs of interest (i.e. people asking for specific programs or more programs)
- Increase quality of community programs (through mentorship, community members provide stronger programs)
- Behaviour change: Increased activity in youth and adults (increased winter activity, more people biking, increased cross-country skiing
- Decreased consumption of sugar sweetened beverages
- Increased elder core strength
- Increased active transportation (e.g. walking, skiing)
- Increased awareness among political and business leaders (increased investments in programs, become role models, % of budget-is it a priority?)
- Change in test scores
- Other sources of data

Result/Outcome Indicators:

- Positive peer influence: Witness participants teaching/showing others what they have learned
- Youth as teachers/role modelling

- Youth taking on leadership roles
- Self identify as someone that enjoys a healthy lifestyle (active living, healthy eating)
- Improved health status: Decrease in child obesity rates, decrease in underweight rates, decreased rates of diabetes and chronic disease, decreased rates of suicide, decrease in the number of injuries, decreased injuries in elders
- o Stats: ER use, decrease in cardiac conditions, decrease in crime
- o Increased access to community-based programs
- Standard physical education time in schools (30 minutes/day)
- Increased rates of kids participating in sports
- o Reduction in visits to principal's office (decrease in bad behaviour)
- o Reduced absences in school
- o Change in behaviour: Healthier lunches from home
- Youth getting a post-secondary education
- Change of purchasing and sales
- o Increase in athletes
- Produce sold out
- Healthier workplace
- o Change in behaviour: Changes in habits and practices after program ends (sustainability)

APPENDIX G: Stakeholder Classification Results

Core

RPAY (Recreation and Parks Association of the Yukon)

NWT RPA (Northwest Territories Recreation and Parks Association)

Northern Nutrition Association

AICBR (Arctic Institute of Community-Based Research)

YG-Sport & Recreation

GNWT-MACA (Gov't of Northwest Territories-Department of Municipal and Community Affairs)

GNWT-H&SS (Gov't of Northwest Territories-Health and Social Services)

YG-Health Promotion

Key Community Partners: Selkirk First Nation, Tr'ondëk Hwëch'in

Suzanne Jackson

Boys & Girls Club Yukon

Core/Involved

Yukon Literacy Coalition

NWT Literacy Council

BYTE (Bringing Youth Towards Equality)

Involved

Communities

Schools/School Councils

BYTE

SportYukon

Sport NWT

Boys & Girls Club Yukon

Teachers Athletic Association/ NWT TTA

Yukon College

Aurora College

Yukon/NWT Anti-Poverty Coalitions

Media Relations (Jen and Noah Gehmair)

Health and Social Departments of Community Partners

PHAC (Public Health Agency of Canada)

YG/GNWT-Education

YG/GNWT-Youth Directorate

YG/GNWT-Sport and Recreation

YG/GNWT-Justice

Side Door Ministry

Recreation Societies (i.e. Hockey Yukon, Sport Clubs)

Involved/Supportive

Government (Department of Education, Sport & Recreation, Youth Directorate)

First Nations

NWT Literacy Council

Yukon Literacy Coalition

Friendship Centres (Skookum Jim)

Schools

Recreation Centres

Community Centres

Youth Centres

Victoria Faulkner Women's Centre

Canada Games Centre

Supportive

Politicians

Yukon/NWT Medical Association

Grocery Stores

Food Suppliers

Air North

NWT Territorial Farmers Association

EcologyNorth

Yukon/NWT Aboriginal Sports Circle

Nursing Stations/Health Centres

Community Health Reps

CPNP (Canadian Prenatal Nutrition Program)

RCMP

Municipalities

LDAY (Learning Disabilities Association of the Yukon)

Daycares

MEND (Mind, Exercise, Nutrition, Do it!)

Boy Scouts/Girl Guides

Boys & Girls Club Yukon

Ingrid Wilcox

RHEAL Leaders (Rural Health Eating Active Living)

Schools

GNWT-ECE (Early Childhood Education)

Yukon College

Mackenzie Recreation Association

Beaufort Delta Recreation Association

Elder Active Recreation Association

SportYukon

Community gardens

Potluck Food Co-op

Farmers Market

Tim Hortons

Food for Learning

Food banks

Churches/Salvation Army Blood Ties

Supportive/Peripheral

Businesses

Sporting good stores (Sports Life, Coast Mountain, Canadian Tire, etc.)

Peripheral

Families/Parents

GNWT-Industry, Tourism & Infrastructure

Canadian Cancer Society

Heart & Stroke Foundation

Culinary Program at Yukon College

Farmers, growers, fisherman, hunters, trappers

Food banks

Food for Learning

Food First Foundation

Side Door (NWT)

Aboriginal Sports Circle

Yukon Agriculture Association

YG-Agriculture Branch

Council of Yukon First Nations

Yukon Aboriginal Women's Society

Dene Nation

Yukon First Nations

Native Women's Association-NWT

Sport and Rec Council-NWT

Sport North-NWT

Grocery Stores

Businesses (Chambers of Commerce)

Development Corporations

School boards (NWT)

NWT Health Authorities

Inuvialuit Regional Corporation

Tlicho Community Services Agency

YG-Education

Northernlinks.ca

LIN.ca (Leisure Information Network)

Justice Departments (territorial and federal)

NWT-Seniors Society

GNWT-H & SS (sub-departments)

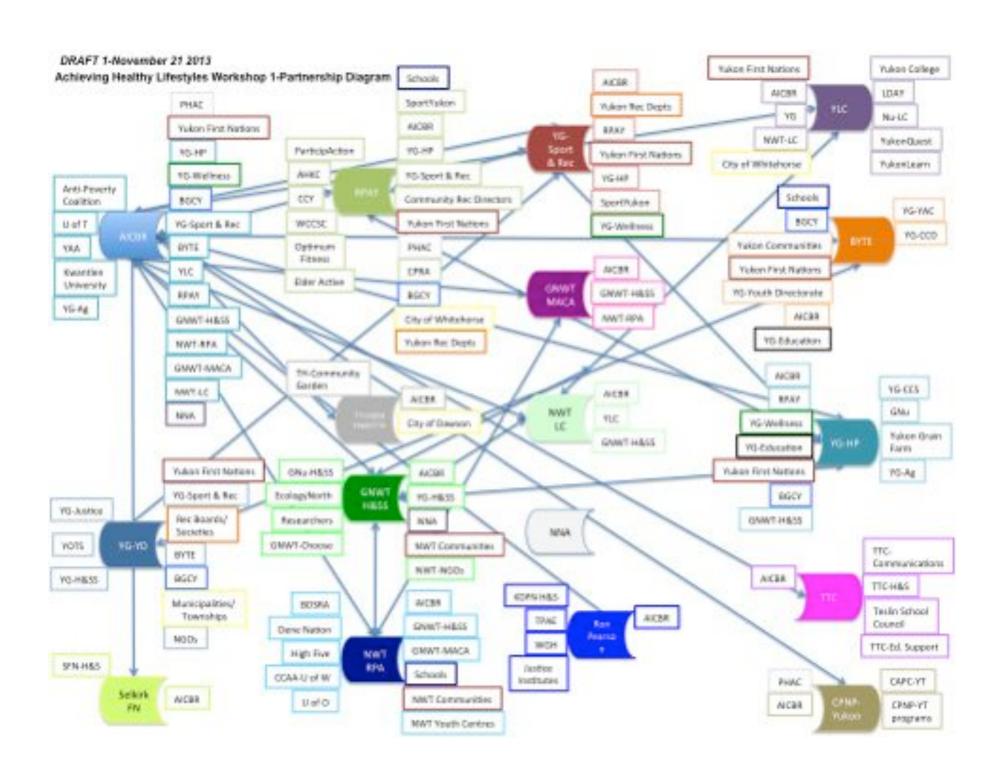
New Horizons

Institute of Circumpolar Health Research

Canadian Circumpolar Health Society

Association Franco-Yukonnaise Canadian Prenatal Nutrition Programs (Healthy Moms Healthy Babies) Community Municipal Governments PHAC

APPENDIX H: Partnership Diagram



APPENDIX I: Workshop Evaluation Results DAY ONE

1. How would you rate your overall experience today?

- -In b/w satisfactory and awesome and inspiring (3)
- -Awesome and inspiring (8)
- -Satisfactory (2)

Comments:

- -It was nice to connect with other healthy living contacts
- -Lots of excellent information across the North
- -Great info sharing!
- -I liked the opportunity to connect with others
- -Learning and sharing resources
- -I wish the presentations could be more interactive-thought I've no idea how that could happen
- -Nice small group, some confusing group work though
- -Wonderful overview of what is currently going on and lots of sharing; good to meet others
- -A few too many presentations for one day
- -Very interesting on all the programming going on in the Yukon

2. What did you like best about today?

- -Good chance to connect with people who might not have otherwise
- -Learning what everyone is doing
- -I liked hearing about what other organizations are doing that relates to the work I do
- -"Getting to Know" sessions! Great way to explore options and programs to share/try etc.
- -Hearing about the programs and potential resources for communities
- -The meet and greet (the getting to know each other presentations)
- -Networking
- -New ideas to implement. Possible training opportunities.
- -Small group discussion. Food is great! And I've met a couple new people which is always a pleasure.
- -Networking
- -Sharing of info, presentations. Like-minded thinking
- -The opportunity to learn from others on what they are working on. Lots of sharing and ideas!
- -The presentations, lots of good information.

3. Is there anything else you would like us to cover during the remainder of the meeting?

- -How this group might stay connected in info sharing
- -List of attendees and contacts
- -Working closely together-lots of similarities of the two territories, would see more accomplished working together.
- -Would be good to know what the meeting objectives are.
- -Yes, copies of all the presentations.

4. Any additional comments?

- -It might be good to break up the intro presentations a little more. They can be a little dry when in sequential order
- -Need to look for connections because everyone is doing youth leadership training
- -Thank you for this great opportunity to attend/learn what others are doing in healthy living
- -Thank you
- -Glad to be here!
- -I hadn't researched anything about this particular project (last minute joiner), and with no communicating on it, I found myself without any context for why were gathered
- -Great to be here!
- -Well facilitated and organized. Thanks!

DAY TWO

1. How would you rate your overall experience with the workshop?

- -In b/w satisfactory and awesome and inspiring (3)
- -Awesome and inspiring (8)
- -Satisfactory (2)

Comments:

- -I enjoyed day two a lot more than day one
- -I enjoyed networking and I am excited about what outcomes can happen from this initiative.
- -Felt comfortable, very informative. Neat new resources, can't wait to use them.
- -Just an excellent two days. Glad I came.
- -Thank you so much.
- -I love how you gave a time limit to each speaker so that one person just talks (then it gets boring). We get more info this way.
- -Could have sent in existing programs ahead of time and distributed the inventory on Day 1-then there would be more time for planning and next steps vs discussing/sharing existing projects/initiatives.
- -Lost some members during the day.
- -Wonderful to get together in person for a significant length of time.
- -Good to meet everyone, but some concrete next steps coming from the meeting would be good to have by now, as we are not yet sure where we are going yet maybe we need the NWT specific meeting to get to that stage.

2. What did you like best about the workshop?

- -Meeting people from the NWT and the collaborative exercises. Also the fact that it actually ran early!
- -Networking/meeting new people; Learning about programs I didn't know about previously; I love what AICBR is hoping to do with this project, it is much needed.
- -Sessions flowed well, good networking and sharing of ideas.
- -Presentations on Literacy (both) and how to use them.
- -Really inspiring presenters. Great discussions. A room full of good positive people.

- -Knowing so many people are working together for the same purpose/goals for our people/community. (More connections, more greatness). Very beneficial to have face-to-face.
- -All the short presentations. I got more information from it, if it was long and boring then I would have just zoned out.
- -Great to make Yukon connections and gain a better understanding of the great work going on here.
- -Getting together and brainstorming face-to-face.
- -Discussions
- -Working with like-minded agencies and government as well as NWT.
- -Hearing about physical literacy. Getting indicators of success.
- -Meeting the groups and people seeing common ground but we need to get

3. Is there anything we could improve?

- -More physical breaks?
- -Would be good if everyone could have stayed and participated in discussion.
- -Energizers
- -A boiled egg to go with cereal and muffins and bagels.
- -More concrete next steps. What are the expectations and roles of those involved.
- -Small group work was great. I wonder if it could have led to more vigorous dialogue throughout the group as a whole.
- -I would like to learn more about the process of collective impact and how this project relates under this model.
- -Eggs for breakfast (protein), fruit for snack

4. Any additional comments?

- -Thanks to you both for the great organization of this event
- -I look forward to hearing about the next steps. Thanks!
- -We should be responsible for own breakfast, wasn't very satisfying if you don't want sugar or unhealthy.
- -Can we get the PowerPoint presentations? Also any recommended websites coming from the discussions (esp. youth). Food was great, space worked well. Great meeting room.
- -Thank you for this great planning session for Yukon and NWT. Venue works well for conferences/workshops.
- -Had a great workshop-can't wait until we do it again.
- -Looking forward to seeing what/how/when we can start work in the NWT.
- -Looking forward to the final report.
- -Many thanks! And congratulations on kicking it off!
- -Thank you for the opportunity to be involved. We are looking forward to participating in the project. The opportunity to collaborate with NWT is extremely valuable. Thank you!
- -Lots of people connecting, lots of conversations.
- -Great

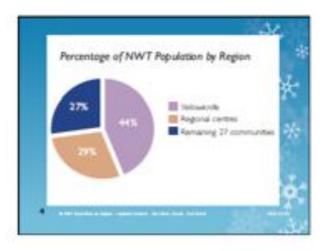
APPENDIX J: Presentation Slides

Overview of Northwest Territories and GWNT Health and Social Services: Elsie DeRoose









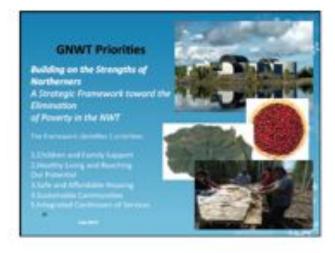
















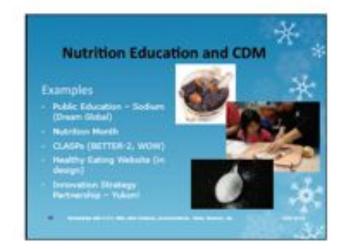








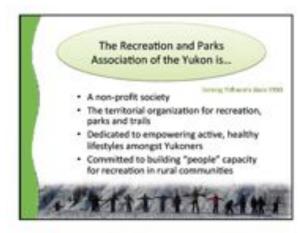






Recreation and Parks Association of the Yukon: Anne Morgan, Caroline Sparks, Adrienne Marsh, Jenyfer Neumann





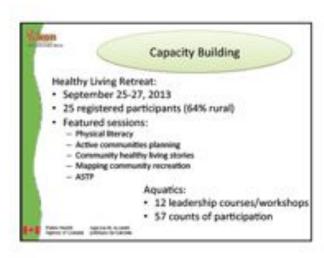






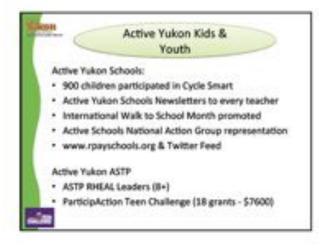


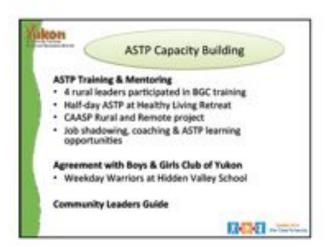












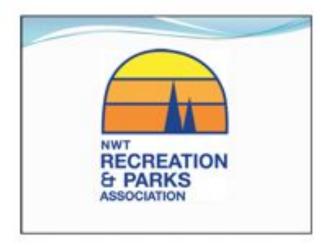


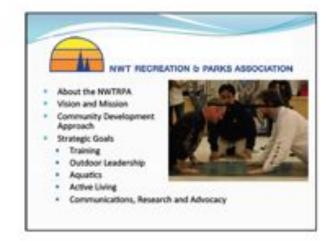


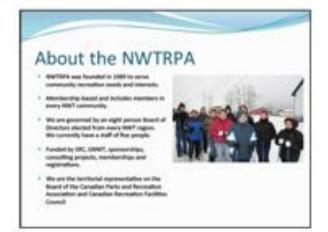




NWT Recreation and Parks Association: Geoff Ray

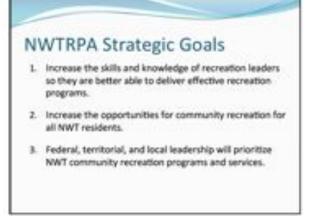












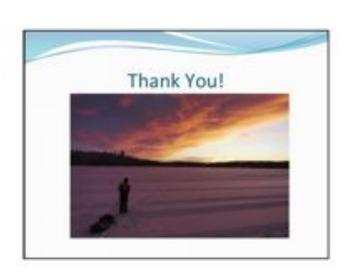












YG-Health Promotion: Kim Neufeld

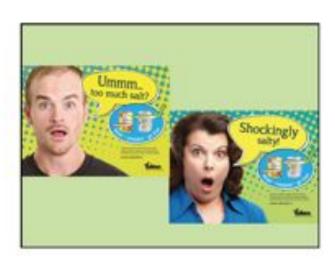












Selkirk First Nation: Ashley Van Bibber



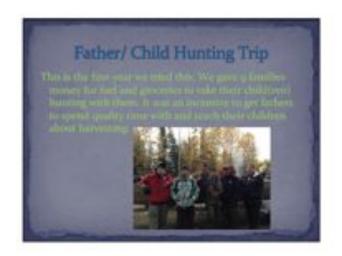


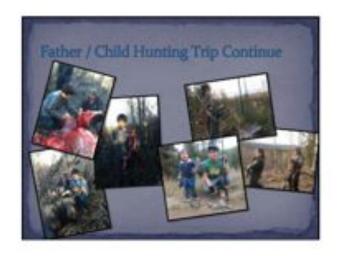






















Tr'ondëk Hwëch'in: Lynn Rear





2011/2012 Partnership Program Tr'ondek Hwech'in & AICBR Yukon

Tr'ondek Hwech'in Healthy Lifestyles Program

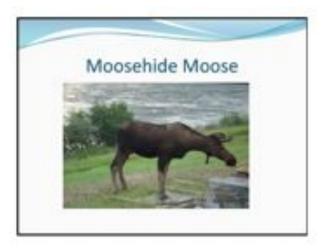
- Youth Program- 6 youth between the ages of 12-18, healthy eating/nutrition teachings, physical activity program with a trainer.
- Adult Program- 5 women between the ages of 30-45.
 healthy eating/nucrition teachings and physical activity program.
- Staff Program-provide healthy eating/nutrition teachings and physical activity program for TH staff.



30 Raised Boxes at People's Homes

- · Promote physical activity
- · Instill pride
- . Learn to garden
- . Promote healthy eating
- . Learn to plant from seeds





2013/2014 Achieving Healthier Lifestyles

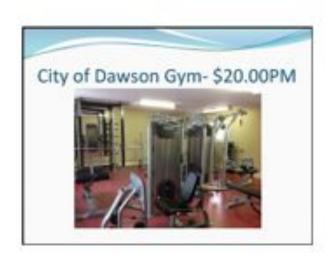
- Contract between Lynn Rear and AICBR Yukon
- Evaluate 2011 Raised Garden Boxes Program-What worked in the past, What didn't work, What do you need to make it work next year.
- Identify TH citizens interested in forming a bimonthly group
- Develop content of group meetings
- · Complete by Dec. 16, 2014

Achieving Healthier Lifestyles Bi-monthly Gatherings Dec-March

- Nutrition classes-Dietician
- · Diabetes teachings- Community Health Nurse
- · Walking around the hall
- « Fitness program- Lana Welchman
- Cooking classes
- Support group for motivation

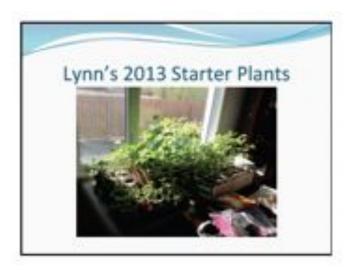
Community Organic Greenhouse Tomatoes

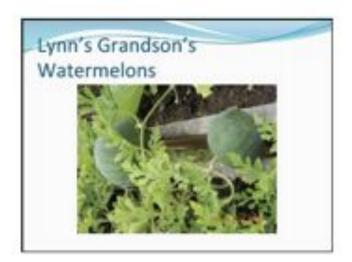




January- March 2014

- Develop format and content areas for newsletter
- · Identify potential contributors to newsletter
- · Complete bi-monthly gatherings
- Identify TH and non TH citizens interested in growing starter plants
- · Identify how starters will be cared for
- · Gather to transplant starters to bigger pots



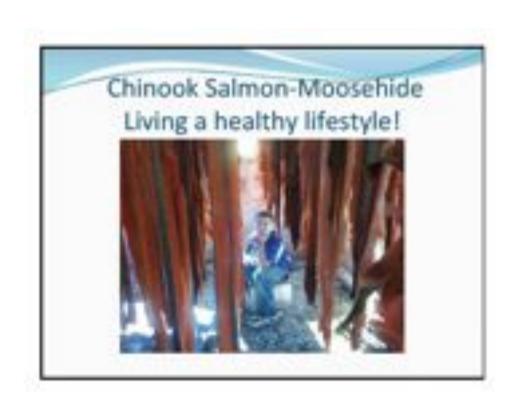




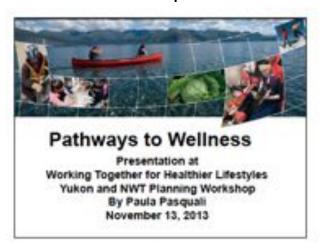
April - May 2014

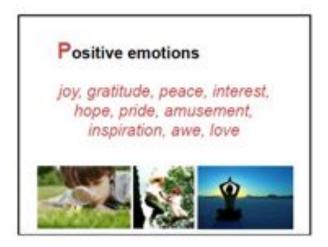
- Plant starter plants end of May first week of June
- Work with those requesting assistance with raised garden beds
- · Facilitate information sharing among growers
- · Complete evaluation by April 10, 2014

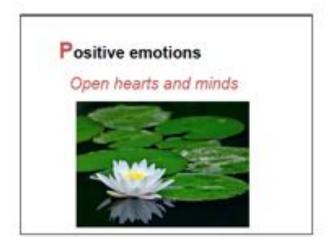


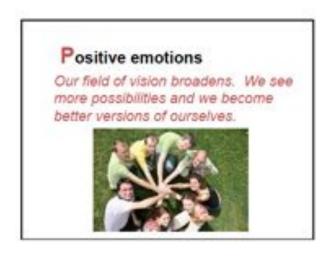


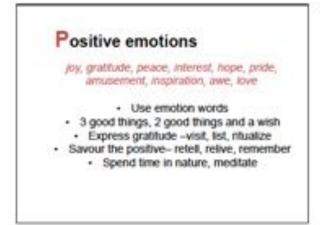
YG-Wellness: Paula Pasquali

















Bringing Youth Towards Equality: Chris Rider



"Yukon youth unite to strengthen youth voice, take action and bring about positive change for the wellbeing of everyone".









Our focus in 2013

- Community workshops
 - Bullying
 - Leadership
 - Healthy Relationships
 - etc
- Leaders in Training
- Youth Advocacy
- Youth Events



Thank You

Feel free to contact us for any reason!

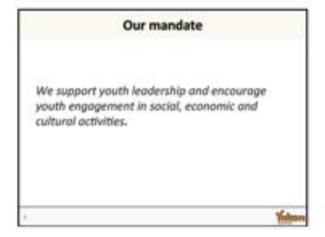
Phone: 667-7975

Chris: ed@yukonyouth.com Tanyss: communitytours@yukonyouth.com

> Web: www.yukanyouth.com Facebook: @byteyukon Twitter: @byteyukon

YG-Youth Directorate: Gord Kurzynski and Chris Nash















OYAA! Outstanding youth awards

- Outstanding Youth Achievement Awards (OYAA) recognize youth who are involved in their communities in constructive and positive ways.
- · Four recipients, between the ages of 15 and 20, are selected annually.
 - Each receive \$250, a poster with their photo and bio, and a framed certificate from the Office of the Commissioner.
- OYAA is administered by the Youth Directorate STEP. student-administered by youth for youth.



Youth Network Group

- · Various individuals and organizations involved with youth initiatives
- · A great way to make connections and keep current on opportunities to help Yukon's youth
- · Bi-monthly meetings held at alternate locations:
 - members gain a better understanding of what each host organization offers
- Meeting minutes online: www.youth.av.ol.ca/tris.text



Youth Leadership Training Workshop

- · Each summer approximately 30 youth from around Yukon travel to the Whitehorse area
- · Workshop topics include teaching:
 - youth how to plan and offer programs;
 - ~ how to work as a team;
 - effective communication skills; and
 - risk management.



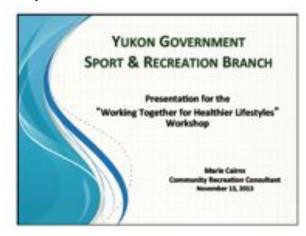
Youth directory



- A website to support Yukon youth and youth service providers
- Some key links include:
 - Day camps
 - Funding sources
 - Programs and services
 - Toolbox

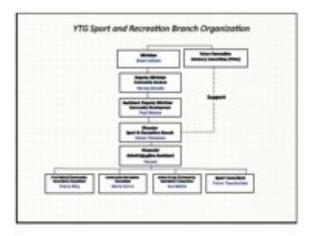


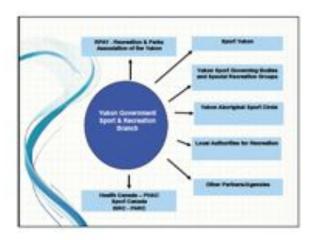
YG-Sport & Recreation: Marie Cairns







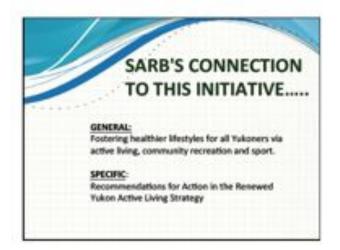


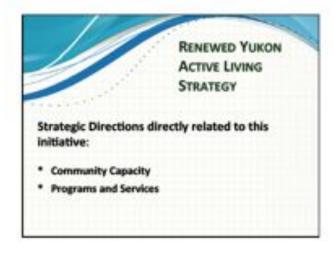














Yukon Literacy Coalition: Moira Sauer





Definition of Literacy

(venturging)

Literacy (or down from the Yukun Literary Strongy 2001)

"Literacy is a person's ability to understand and use information and basic technology in daily activities at home, school, work and in the community in an attempt to reach personal goals and develop individual potential."

Literacy and Essential Skills (LES)

Through extensive research, the Government of Canada, along with other national and international agencies, has identified and validated nine key Literacy and Essential Skills. These skills are used in nearly every job and throughout daily life in different ways and at varying levels of complexity.

* Nakan Brom Human Resources and Skith Development Canada*



Literacy and Essential Skills (LES)

- · are needed for work, learning and life;
- · are the foundation for learning all other skills;
- help people evolve with their jobs and adapt to workplace change.

The 9 LES

- I. READING
- 2. WRITING
- 1. MUMERACY
- 4. DOCUMENTURE
- 5. WORKING WITH OTHERS
- B. COMPUTERUSE
- P. THOMBUNG
- 8. DRAL COMMAUNICATION
- 9. CONTINUOUS LEARNING

The Yukon Literacy Coalition (YLC) Is Committed to:

- increasing awareness of the 9 LES for adult workers in the Yukon
- being a centre of excellence for LES research and practice in the Yukon
- working with its Territorial partners to be an LES leader in the North





YLC Board of Directors

Our Board of directors represent all the regions throughout the Yukon Territory, as well as:

- Education
- · Business
- · First Nations
- · French Association
- · Rural

Our Goal!!

The YLC wants to raise the level of Literacy and Essential Skills (LES) in the North!

Our 5 Strategic Pillars

- 1. workplace
- 2. adult learner support
- 3. practitioner support
- 4. family and community
- 5. aboriginal



A few of our Projects









































Other partners running programs in the FLCI

- · L'AFY
- · Yukon Learn
- · LDAY
- · Canada Games Centre
- Connect Parents
- · Families and Children's Services Youth Group







Dolly Parton Imagination Library

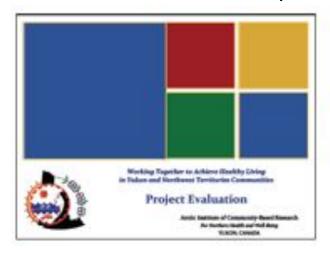
FREE books for every Yukon child!

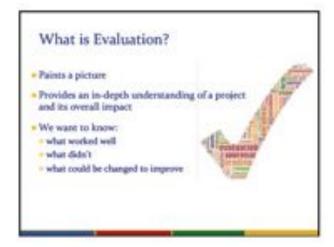
- . One free book/month mailed to your home.
- · From infancy to 5 years of age.
- . Total of 60 free books.
- · Every child in the Yukon is eligible.
- · Dolly Saturday fun once a month at the FLC.
- Incredible partnership with Rendezvous Rotary.



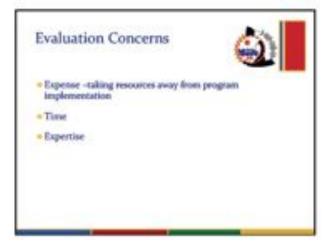


Evaluation: Arctic Institute of Community-Based Research: Katelyn Friendship









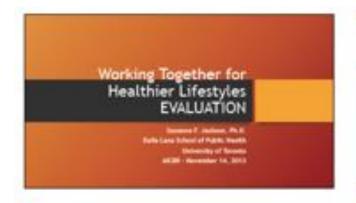




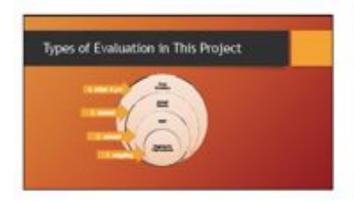




Evaluation: Dr. Suzanne Jackson







Types of Evaluation in This Project 1. Information so we can improve what we are doing (formation and process evaluation) 2. Information we have to report to ProtC every year (PFRT) 3. Information we want to know about how well we are doing every year (process 3: Impact) 4. Information about our whole project at the end of 4 years (summative evaluation)

1. Information so we can improve • Tests so here the program was started and developed over time • Helps to make our programs in with stakeholder and community result • Identifies how help key decisions were made • Tests so if participants are satisfied and what we need to fix or suppose • Corpoing - we ask people constantly about how we are sloring.

3. Information about how well we are doing

• (A) Test to mer strategies and activities

• now many people are we reaching ranging in a, how many youth have been trained to be leaders?

• Do they like what we are simp?

• (B) Test to the results we want to see

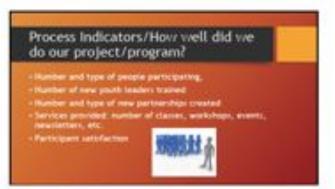
• what changes have we made in people's innevienties about theirly selfing and active living?

• (B) Times on the definition often and (B) needs special data collection manusers, mappe once a year.

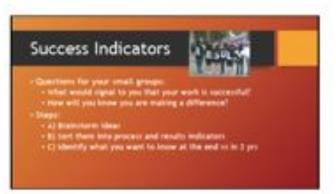












APPENDIX K: Participant Contact List

Name	Organization	Contact
Adrienne Marsh	Recreation & Parks Association of the Yukon (Active Living Coordinator)	active@klondiker.com
Anne Morgan	Recreation & Parks Association of the Yukon (Executive Director)	rpayadmin@rpay.org
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	Community-Based	
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	Public Health, University	
	of Toronto	